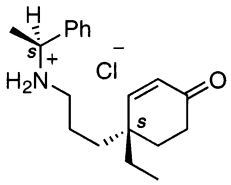
E. Vázquez, A. Galindo,* D. Gnecco,* S. Bernès, J. L. Terán and R. G. Enríquez

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3209*




$[\alpha]_D = -50.5$ ($c = 1.0$, $CH_2Cl_2$)

Source of chirality: (*S*)-(−)-1-phenylethylamine

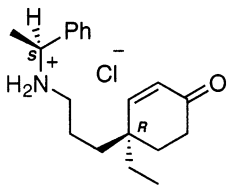
Absolute configuration: 4*S*

$C_{19}H_{28}ClNO$

(−)-(4*S*)-Ethyl-4-[3-(1′*S*-phenyl-ethylamino)-propyl]-cyclohex-2-enone hydrochloride

E. Vázquez, A. Galindo,* D. Gnecco,* S. Bernès, J. L. Terán and R. G. Enríquez

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3209*




$[\alpha]_D = +16$ ($c = 1.0$, $CH_2Cl_2$)

Source of chirality: (*S*)-(−)-1-phenylethylamine

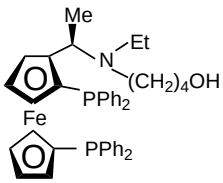
Absolute configuration: 4*R*

$C_{19}H_{28}ClNO$

(+)-(4*R*)-Ethyl-4-[3-(1′*S*-phenyl-ethylamino)-propyl]-cyclohex-2-enone hydrochloride

Xu-Chang He, Bin Wang, Gengli Yu and Donglu Bai*

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3213*




$[\alpha]_D = -326.2$ ($c$ 0.29, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: resolution and stereoselective reactions

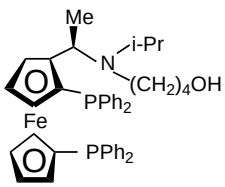
Absolute configuration: (*R*),1-(*S*)

$C_{42}H_{45}FeNOP_2$

(*R*)-*N*-Ethyl-*N*-(4-hydroxybutyl)-1-[(*S*)-1′,2-bis(diphenylphosphino)ferrocenyl]ethyl amine

Xu-Chang He, Bin Wang, Gengli Yu and Donglu Bai*

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3213*




$[\alpha]_D = -325.4$ ($c$ 0.28, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: resolution and stereoselective reactions

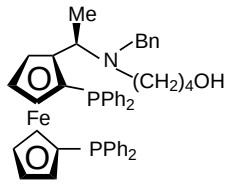
Absolute configuration: (*R*),1-(*S*)

$C_{43}H_{47}FeNOP_2$

(*R*)-*N*-Isopropyl-*N*-(4-hydroxybutyl)-1-[(*S*)-1′,2-bis(diphenylphosphino)ferrocenyl]ethyl amine

Xu-Chang He, Bin Wang, Gengli Yu and Donglu Bai*

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3213*




$[\alpha]_D = -337.7$ ($c$ 0.52, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: resolution and stereoselective reactions

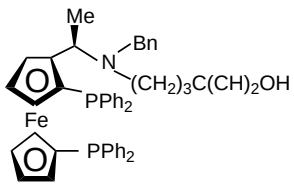
Absolute configuration: (*R*),1-(*S*)

$C_{47}H_{47}FeNOP_2$

(*R*)-*N*-Benzyl-*N*-(4-hydroxybutyl)-1-[(*S*)-1′,2-bis(diphenylphosphino)ferrocenyl]ethyl amine

Xu-Chang He, Bin Wang, Gengli Yu and Donglu Bai*

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3213*




$[\alpha]_D = -287.0$ ($c$ 0.54, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: resolution and stereoselective reactions

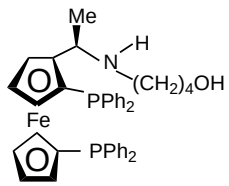
Absolute configuration: (*R*),1-(*S*)

$C_{49}H_{51}FeNOP_2$

(*R*)-*N*-Benzyl-*N*-(4-hydroxy-4,4-dimethylbutyl)-1-[(*S*)-1′,2-bis(diphenylphosphino)ferrocenyl]ethyl amine

Xu-Chang He, Bin Wang, Gengli Yu and Donglu Bai*

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3213*




$[\alpha]_D = -263.3$ ($c$ 0.51, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: resolution and stereoselective reactions

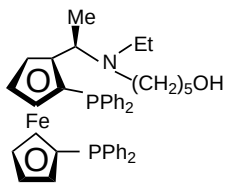
Absolute configuration: (*R*),1-(*S*)

$C_{40}H_{41}FeNOP_2$

(*R*)-*N*-(4-Hydroxybutyl)-1-[(*S*)-1′,2-bis(diphenylphosphino)ferrocenyl]ethyl amine

Xu-Chang He, Bin Wang, Gengli Yu and Donglu Bai*

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3213*




$[\alpha]_D = -265.3$ ($c$ 0.12, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: resolution and stereoselective reactions

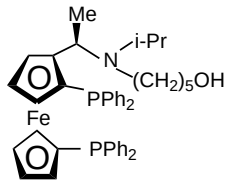
Absolute configuration: (*R*),1-(*S*)

$C_{43}H_{47}FeNOP_2$

(*R*)-*N*-Ethyl-*N*-(5-hydroxypentyl)-1-[(*S*)-1′,2-bis(diphenylphosphino)ferrocenyl]ethyl amine

Xu-Chang He, Bin Wang, Gengli Yu and Donglu Bai*

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3213*




$[\alpha]_D = -216.0$ ($c$ 0.28, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: resolution and stereoselective reactions

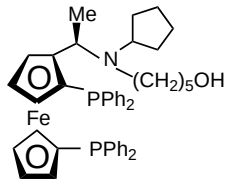
Absolute configuration: ($R$),1-($S$)

$C_{44}H_{49}FeNOP_2$

($R$)-$N$-Isopropyl-$N$-(5-hydroxypentyl)-1-[($S$)-1′,2-bis(diphenylphosphino)ferrocenyl]ethyl amine

Xu-Chang He, Bin Wang, Gengli Yu and Donglu Bai*

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3213*




$[\alpha]_D = -284.0$ ($c$ 0.20, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: resolution and stereoselective reactions

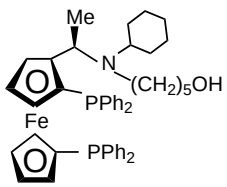
Absolute configuration: ($R$),1-($S$)

$C_{46}H_{51}FeNOP_2$

($R$)-$N$-Cyclopentyl-$N$-(5-hydroxypentyl)-1-[($S$)-1′,2-bis(diphenylphosphino)ferrocenyl]ethyl amine

Xu-Chang He, Bin Wang, Gengli Yu and Donglu Bai*

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3213*




$[\alpha]_D = -323.0$ ($c$ 0.20, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: resolution and stereoselective reactions

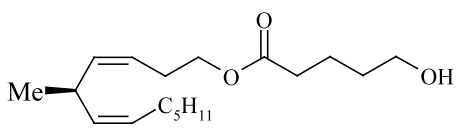
Absolute configuration: ($R$),1-($S$)

$C_{47}H_{53}FeNOP_2$

($R$)-$N$-Cyclohexyl-$N$-(5-hydroxypentyl)-1-[($S$)-1′,2-bis(diphenylphosphino)ferrocenyl]ethyl amine

J. S. Yadav* and S. Nanda

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3223*




E.e. = 90%

$[\alpha]_D^{25} = +2.9$ ($c$ 1.0, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: enzyme-catalyzed transesterification

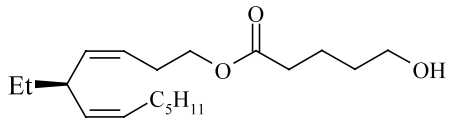
Absolute configuration: $R$

$C_{18}H_{32}O_3$

5-Methyl-(3$Z$,5$R$,6$Z$)-3,6-dodecadienyl-5-hydroxypentaonate

J. S. Yadav* and S. Nanda

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3223*




$C_{19}H_{34}O_3$

5-Ethyl-(3*Z*,5*R*,6*Z*)-3,6-dodecadienyl-5-hydroxypentaonate

E.e. = 91%

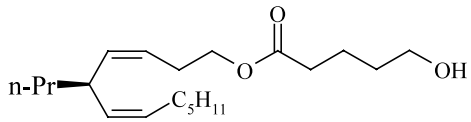
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = +11.0$ (*c* 1.2, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: enzyme-catalyzed transesterification

Absolute configuration: *R*

J. S. Yadav* and S. Nanda

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3223*




$C_{20}H_{36}O_3$

5-Propyl-(3*Z*,5*R*,6*Z*)-3,6-dodecadienyl-5-hydroxypentaonate

E.e. = 85%

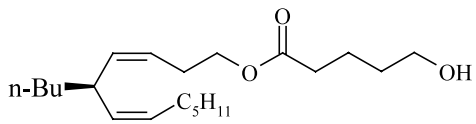
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = +5.2$ (*c* 1.0, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: enzyme-catalyzed transesterification

Absolute configuration: *R*

J. S. Yadav* and S. Nanda

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3223*




$C_{21}H_{38}O_3$

5-Butyl-(3*Z*,5*R*,6*Z*)-3,6-dodecadienyl-5-hydroxypentaonate

E.e. = 90%

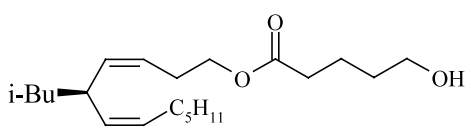
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = +9.8$ (*c* 1.0, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: enzyme-catalyzed transesterification

Absolute configuration: *R*

J. S. Yadav* and S. Nanda

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3223*




$C_{21}H_{38}O_3$

5-Isobutyl-(3*Z*,5*R*,6*Z*)-3,6-dodecadienyl-5-hydroxypentaonate

E.e. = 84%

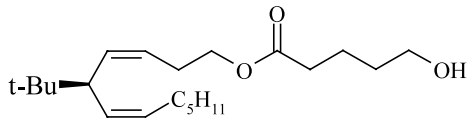
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = +6.2$ (*c* 1.1, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: enzyme-catalyzed transesterification

Absolute configuration: *R*

J. S. Yadav* and S. Nanda

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3223*



$C_{21}H_{38}O_3$

5-(*tert*-Butyl)-(3*Z*,5*R*,6*Z*)-3,6-dodecadienyl-5-hydroxypentaonate

E.e. = 91%

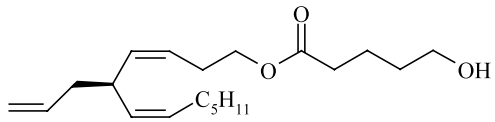
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = +1.9$ (*c* 1.0, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: enzyme-catalyzed transesterification

Absolute configuration: *R*

J. S. Yadav* and S. Nanda

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3223*



$C_{20}H_{34}O_3$

5-Allyl-(3*Z*,5*R*,6*Z*)-3,6-dodecadienyl-5-hydroxypentaonate

E.e. = 89%

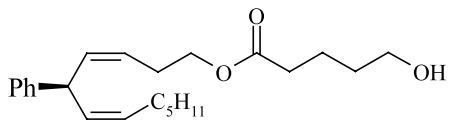
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = +10.1$ (*c* 1.0, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: enzyme-catalyzed transesterification

Absolute configuration: *R*

J. S. Yadav* and S. Nanda

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3223*



$C_{23}H_{34}O_3$

5-Phenyl-(3*Z*,5*R*,6*Z*)-3,6-dodecadienyl-5-hydroxypentaonate

E.e. = 75%

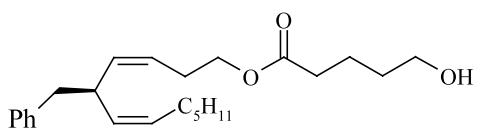
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -19.2$ (*c* 1.0, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: enzyme-catalyzed transesterification

Absolute configuration: *R*

J. S. Yadav* and S. Nanda

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3223*



$C_{24}H_{36}O_3$

5-Benzyl-(3*Z*,5*R*,6*Z*)-3,6-dodecadienyl-5-hydroxypentaonate

E.e. = 92%

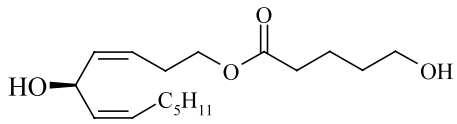
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = +12.4$ (*c* 1.0, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: enzyme-catalyzed transesterification

Absolute configuration: *R*

J. S. Yadav* and S. Nanda

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3223*

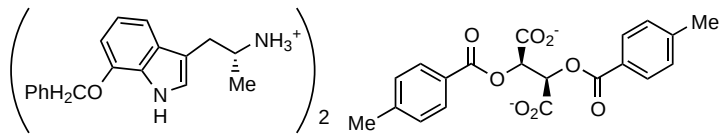


E.e. = 96%
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = +13.0$ (*c* 1.0, $CHCl_3$)
Source of chirality: enzyme-catalyzed transesterification
Absolute configuration: *R*

$C_{17}H_{30}O_4$
5-Hydroxy-(3*Z*,5*R*,6*Z*)-3,6-dodecadienyl-5-hydroxypentaonate

Akihito Fujii, Yoshito Fujima, Hiroshi Harada, Masaya Ikunaka,* Toru Inoue, Shiro Kato and Keisuke Matsuyama

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3235*

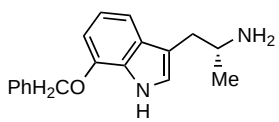


D.e. = 99.5%
$[\alpha]_D^{20} = -71.8$ (*c* 1.00, MeOH)
Source of chirality: resolution
Absolute configuration: *R*/*R*,*R*

$C_{28}H_{29}N_2O_5$
Bis [(*R*)-2-(7-benzyloxy-3-indolyl)-1-methylethylammonium] *O*,*O*′-di-*p*-toluoyl L-(2*R*,3*R*)-tartrate

Akihito Fujii, Yoshito Fujima, Hiroshi Harada, Masaya Ikunaka,* Toru Inoue, Shiro Kato and Keisuke Matsuyama

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3235*

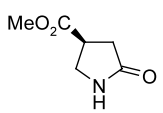


E.e. = 99.7%
$[\alpha]_D^{20} = -17.8$ (*c* 0.50, MeOH)
Source of chirality: resolution
Absolute configuration: *R*

$C_{18}H_{20}N_2O$
(*R*)-3-(2-Aminopropyl)-7-benzyloxyindole

Fulvia Felluga, Giuliana Pitacco, Massimo Prodan, Sabrina Pricl, Marco Visintin and Ennio Valentin*

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3241*

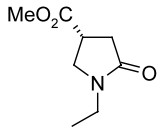


E.e. = 76% (by chiral HRGC)
$[\alpha]_D^{20} = -7.3$ (*c* 0.7, MeOH)
$\Delta\varepsilon_{209}$ −0.88 (MeOH)
Source of chirality: enzymatic resolution
Absolute configuration: *S*

$C_6H_9NO_3$
Methyl (*S*)-(−)-5-oxo-3-pyrrolidinecarboxylate

Fulvia Felluga, Giuliana Pitacco, Massimo Prodan, Sabrina Pricl, Marco Visintin and Ennio Valentin*

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3241*



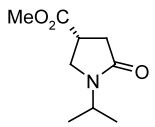
$C_8H_{13}NO_3$

Methyl (*R*)-(+)-1-ethyl-5-oxo-3-pyrrolidinecarboxylate

E.e. = 95% (by chiral HRGC)
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = +8.7$ (*c* 1.1, MeOH)
$\Delta\varepsilon_{214} = +1.50$ (MeOH)
Source of chirality: enzymatic resolution
Absolute configuration: *R*

Fulvia Felluga, Giuliana Pitacco, Massimo Prodan, Sabrina Pricl, Marco Visintin and Ennio Valentin*

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3241*



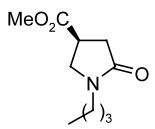
$C_9H_{15}NO_3$

Methyl (*R*)-(+)-1-(methylethyl)-5-oxo-3-pyrrolidinecarboxylate

E.e. = 95% (by chiral HRGC)
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = +2.9$ (*c* 0.7, MeOH)
$\Delta\varepsilon_{213.4} = +1.83$ (MeOH)
Source of chirality: enzymatic resolution
Absolute configuration: *R*

Fulvia Felluga, Giuliana Pitacco, Massimo Prodan, Sabrina Pricl, Marco Visintin and Ennio Valentin*

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3241*



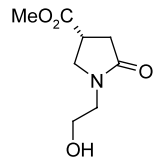
$C_{10}H_{17}NO_3$

Methyl (*S*)-(−)-1-(1-butyl)-5-oxo-3-pyrrolidinecarboxylate

E.e. = 96% (by chiral HRGC)
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -5.0$ (*c* 0.9, MeOH)
$\Delta\varepsilon_{214} = -1.9$ (MeOH)
Source of chirality: enzymatic resolution
Absolute configuration: *S*

Fulvia Felluga, Giuliana Pitacco, Massimo Prodan, Sabrina Pricl, Marco Visintin and Ennio Valentin*

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3241*



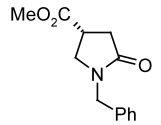
$C_8H_{13}NO_4$

Methyl (*R*)-(+)-1-(2-hydroxyethyl)-5-oxo-3-pyrrolidinecarboxylate

E.e. = 99% (by chiral HRGC)
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = +8.4$ (*c* 0.75, MeOH)
$\Delta\varepsilon_{213} = +1.7$ (MeOH)
Source of chirality: enzymatic resolution
Absolute configuration: *R*

Fulvia Felluga, Giuliana Pitacco, Massimo Prodan, Sabrina Pricl, Marco Visintin and Ennio Valentin*

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3241*




$C_{13}H_{15}NO_3$

Methyl (*R*)-(−)-1-(2-methylphenyl)-5-oxo-3-pyrrolidinecarboxylate

E.e. = 99% (by chiral HRGC)
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -19.0$ (*c* 1.1, MeOH)
$\Delta\varepsilon_{197} = -2.7$ (MeOH)
Source of chirality: enzymatic resolution
Absolute configuration: *R*

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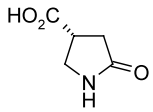
Fulvia Felluga, Giuliana Pitacco, Massimo Prodan, Sabrina Pricl, Marco Visintin and Ennio Valentin*

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3241*




$C_5H_7NO_3$

(*R*)-(+)-5-oxo-3-Pyrrolidinecarboxylic acid

E.e. = 34% (by chiral HRGC)
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = +10.2$ (c 1.0, MeOH)
$\Delta\varepsilon_{209} = +0.12$ (c 1.0, MeOH)
Source of chirality: enzymatic resolution
Absolute configuration: *R*

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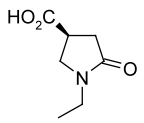


$C_7H_{11}NO_3$

(*S*)-(−)-1-Ethyl-5-oxo-3-pyrrolidinecarboxylic acid

E.e. = 54% (by chiral HRGC)
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -3.5$ (*c* 1.0, MeOH)
$\Delta\varepsilon_{214} = -1.20$ (MeOH)
Source of chirality: enzymatic resolution
Absolute configuration: *S*

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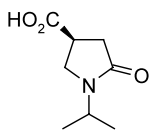
Fulvia Felluga, Giuliana Pitacco, Massimo Prodan, Sabrina Pricl, Marco Visintin and Ennio Valentin*

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3241*



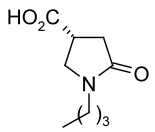

$C_8H_{13}NO_3$

(*S*)-(−)-1-(Methylethyl)-5-oxo-3-pyrrolidinecarboxylic acid

E.e. = 88% (by chiral HRGC)
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -2.4$ (*c* 0.45, MeOH)
$\Delta\varepsilon_{213.4} = -1.15$ (MeOH)
Source of chirality: enzymatic resolution
Absolute configuration: *S*

Fulvia Felluga, Giuliana Pitacco, Massimo Prodan, Sabrina Pricl, Marco Visintin and Ennio Valentin*

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3241*



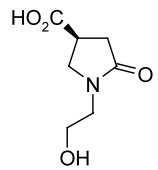
$C_9H_{15}NO_3$

(*R*)-(+)-1-(1-Butyl)-5-oxo-3-pyrrolidinecarboxylic acid

E.e. = 75% (by chiral HRGC)
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = +3.7$ (*c* 1.0, MeOH)
$\Delta\varepsilon_{214} = +0.67$ (MeOH)
Source of chirality: enzymatic resolution
Absolute configuration: *R*

Fulvia Felluga, Giuliana Pitacco, Massimo Prodan, Sabrina Pricl, Marco Visintin and Ennio Valentin*

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3241*



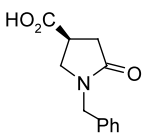
$C_7H_{11}NO_4$

(*S*)-(−)-1-(2-Hydroxyethyl)-5-oxo-3-pyrrolidinecarboxylic acid

E.e. = 31% (by chiral HRGC)
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -4.4$ (*c* 1.0, MeOH)
$\Delta\varepsilon_{214} = -0.7$ (MeOH)
Source of chirality: enzymatic resolution
Absolute configuration: *S*

Fulvia Felluga, Giuliana Pitacco, Massimo Prodan, Sabrina Pricl, Marco Visintin and Ennio Valentin*

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3241*



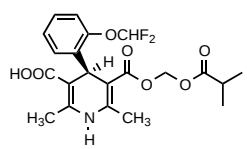
$C_{12}H_{13}NO_3$

(*S*)-(+)-1-(2-Methylphenyl)-5-oxo-3-pyrrolidinecarboxylic acid

E.e. = 99% (by chiral HRGC)
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = 15.5$ (*c* 0.5, abs. EtOH)
$\Delta\varepsilon_{197} = +1.66$ (MeOH)
Source of chirality: enzymatic resolution
Absolute configuration: *S*

Arkadij Sobolev, Maurice C. R. Franssen,* Brigita Vigante, Brigita Cekavicus, Natalija Makarova, Gunars Duburs and Aede de Groot

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3251*



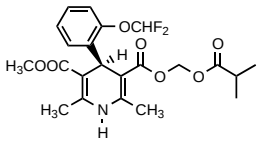
$C_{21}H_{23}F_2NO_7$

(−)-(4*R*)-4-[2-(Difluoromethoxy)phenyl]-5-{[(isobutyryloxy)methoxy]carbonyl}-2,6-dimethyl-1,4-dihydro-3-pyridinecarboxylic acid

E.e. >99%
$[\alpha]_D^{20}$ +26.5 (*c* 1.0, $CHCl_3$)
$[\alpha]_D^{20}$ −24.0 (*c* 1.0, MeOH)
Source of chirality: enzymatic hydrolysis
Absolute configuration: *R* (assigned by X-ray of derivative)

Arkadij Sobolev, Maurice C. R. Franssen,* Brigita Vigante, Brigita Cekavicus, Natalija Makarova, Gunars Duburs and Aede de Groot

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3251*



E.e. >99%

$[\alpha]_D^{20}$ −17.6 (*c* 1.0, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: chiral precursor

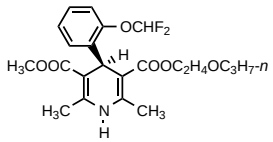
Absolute configuration: *R* (assigned by X-ray of derivative)

$C_{22}H_{25}F_2NO_7$

(−)-3-[(Isobutyryloxy)methyl] 5-methyl (4*R*)-4-[2-(difluoromethoxy)phenyl]-2,6-dimethyl-1,4-dihydro-3,5-pyridinedicarboxylate

Arkadij Sobolev, Maurice C. R. Franssen,* Brigita Vigante, Brigita Cekavicus, Natalija Makarova, Gunars Duburs and Aede de Groot

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3251*



E.e. >99%

$[\alpha]_D^{20}$ −19.7 (*c* 1.0, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: chiral precursor

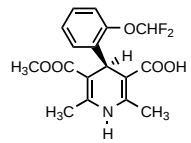
Absolute configuration: *R* (assigned by X-ray of derivative of precursor)

$C_{22}H_{27}F_2NO_6$

(−)-3-Methyl 5-(2-propoxyethyl) (4*R*)-4-[2-(difluoromethoxy)phenyl]-2,6-dimethyl-1,4-dihydro-3,5-pyridinedicarboxylate

Arkadij Sobolev, Maurice C. R. Franssen,* Brigita Vigante, Brigita Cekavicus, Natalija Makarova, Gunars Duburs and Aede de Groot

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3251*



E.e. >99%

$[\alpha]_D^{20}$ −51.7 (*c* 1.0, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: chiral precursor

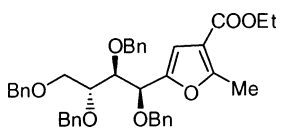
Absolute configuration: *S* (assigned by X-ray of derivative)

$C_{17}H_{17}F_2NO_5$

(−)-(4*S*)-4-[2-(Difluoromethoxy)phenyl]-5-(methoxycarbonyl)-2,6-dimethyl-1,4-dihydro-3-pyridinecarboxylic acid

A. J. Moreno-Vargas, J. G. Fernández-Bolaños, J. Fuentes and I. Robina*

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3257*



$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -31$ (*c* 1.0, $CH_2Cl_2$)

Source of chirality: D-glucose

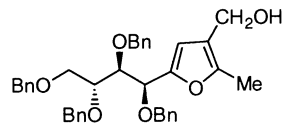
Absolute configuration: 1*S*,2*R*,3*R*; assigned by analogy with diasteromerically pure precursor and NMR

$C_{40}H_{42}O_7$

3-Ethoxycarbonyl-2-methyl-5-(1,2,3,4-tetra-*O*-benzyl-D-*arabino*-tetritol-1-yl)furan

A. J. Moreno-Vargas, J. G. Fernández-Bolaños, J. Fuentes and I. Robina*

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3257*




$C_{38}H_{40}O_6$

3-Hydroxymethyl-2-methyl-5-(1,2,3,4-tetra-*O*-benzyl-D-*arabino*-tetritol-1-yl)furan

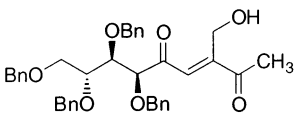
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -26$ (*c* 2.8, $CH_2Cl_2$)

Source of chirality: D-glucose

Absolute configuration: 1*S*,2*R*,3*R*; assigned by analogy with diastereomerically pure precursor and NMR

A. J. Moreno-Vargas, J. G. Fernández-Bolaños, J. Fuentes and I. Robina*

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3257*




$C_{38}H_{40}O_6$

(*E*)-(6*S*,7*R*,8*R*)-6,7,8,9-Tetrabenzyloxy-3-hydroxymethylnon-3-ene-2,5-dione

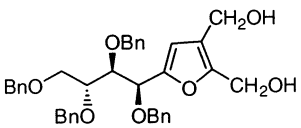
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -35$ (*c* 1, $CH_2Cl_2$)

Source of chirality: D-glucose

Absolute configuration: 6*S*,7*R*,8*R*; assigned by analogy with diastereomerically pure precursor and NMR

A. J. Moreno-Vargas, J. G. Fernández-Bolaños, J. Fuentes and I. Robina*

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3257*




$C_{38}H_{40}O_7$

2,3-Dihydroxymethyl-5-(1,2,3,4-tetra-*O*-benzyl-D-*arabino*-tetritol-1-yl)furan

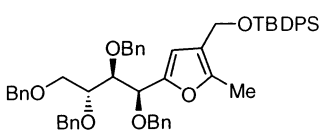
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -28$ (*c* 1, $CH_2Cl_2$)

Source of chirality: D-glucose

Absolute configuration: 1*S*,2*R*,3*R*; assigned by analogy with diastereomerically pure precursor and NMR

A. J. Moreno-Vargas, J. G. Fernández-Bolaños, J. Fuentes and I. Robina*

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3257*




$C_{54}H_{58}O_6Si$

5-(1,2,3,4-Tetra-*O*-benzyl-D-*arabino*-tetritol-1-yl)-3-(*tert*-butyldiphenylsilyloxymethyl)-2-methylfuran

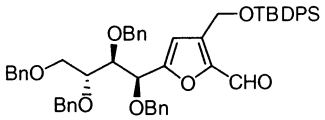
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -26$ (*c* 1.2, $CH_2Cl_2$)

Source of chirality: D-glucose

Absolute configuration: 1*S*,2*R*,3*R*; assigned by analogy with diastereomerically pure precursor and NMR

A. J. Moreno-Vargas, J. G. Fernández-Bolaños, J. Fuentes and I. Robina*

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3257*




$C_{54}H_{56}O_7Si$

5-(1,2,3,4-Tetra-*O*-benzyl-D-*arabino*-tetritol-1-yl)-3-(*tert*-butyldiphenylsilyloxymethyl)-2-formylfuran

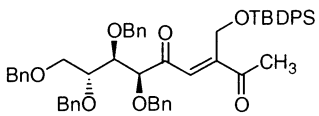
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -26$ (*c* 2.5, $CH_2Cl_2$)

Source of chirality: D-glucose

Absolute configuration: 1*S*,2*R*,3*R*; assigned by analogy with diastereomerically pure precursor and NMR

A. J. Moreno-Vargas, J. G. Fernández-Bolaños, J. Fuentes and I. Robina*

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3257*




$C_{54}H_{58}O_7Si$

(*E*)-(6*S*,7*R*,8*R*)-6,7,8,9-Tetrabenzyloxy-3-(*tert*-butyldiphenylsilyloxy)methylnon-3-ene-2,5-dione

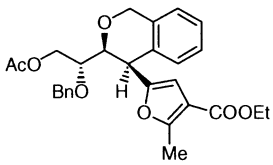
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -14$ (*c* 2.2, $CH_2Cl_2$)

Source of chirality: D-glucose

Absolute configuration: 6*S*,7*R*,8*R*; assigned by analogy with diastereomerically pure precursor and NMR

A. J. Moreno-Vargas, J. G. Fernández-Bolaños, J. Fuentes and I. Robina*

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3257*




$C_{28}H_{30}O_7$

(4*R*,3*S*,1″*R*)-4-(3-Ethoxycarbonyl-2-methylfur-5-yl)-3-(1,2-diacetoxyethyl)-3,4-dihydro-1*H*-benzo[*c*]pyran

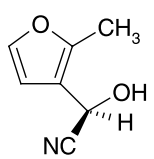
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -84$ (*c* 1.4, $CH_2Cl_2$)

Source of chirality: D-glucose and *C*-arylation

Absolute configuration: 4*R*,3*S*,1″*R*; assigned by analogy with diastereomerically pure precursor and NMR

Peiran Chen, Shiqing Han, Guoqiang Lin,* Hao Huang and Zuyi Li

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3273*




$C_7H_7NO_2$

(*R*)-2-Hydroxy-2-(2-methyl-3-furanyl)acetonitrile

E.e. = 24.3%

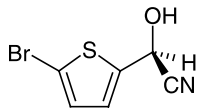
$[\alpha]_D^{21} = +8.2$ (*c* = 6.5, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: asymmetric synthesis catalyzed by (*R*)-HNL

Absolute configuration: (*R*)

Peiran Chen, Shiqing Han, Guoqiang Lin,* Hao Huang and Zuyi Li

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3273*




$C_6H_4BrNOS$

(*S*)-2-Hydroxy-2-(5-bromo-2-thienyl)acetonitrile

E.e. = 86%

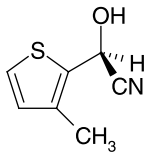
$[\alpha]_D^{21} = +19.7$ ($c = 3.0$, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: asymmetric synthesis catalyzed by (*R*)-HNL

Absolute configuration: (*S*)

Peiran Chen, Shiqing Han, Guoqiang Lin,* Hao Huang and Zuyi Li

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3273*




$C_7H_7NOS$

(*S*)-2-Hydroxy-2-(3-methyl-2-thienyl)acetonitrile

E.e. = 65%

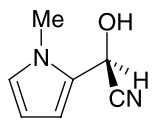
$[\alpha]_D^{21} = +24.5$ ($c = 5.0$, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: asymmetric synthesis catalyzed by (*R*)-HNL

Absolute configuration: (*S*)

Peiran Chen, Shiqing Han, Guoqiang Lin,* Hao Huang and Zuyi Li

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3273*




$C_7H_8N_2O$

(*R*)-2-Hydroxy-2-(2-(*N*-methyl)pyrrolyl)acetonitrile

E.e. = 40.1%

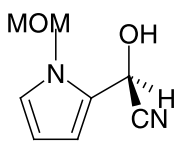
$[\alpha]_D^{21} = +35.7$ ($c = 1.2$, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: asymmetric synthesis catalyzed by (*R*)-HNL

Absolute configuration: (*R*)

Peiran Chen, Shiqing Han, Guoqiang Lin,* Hao Huang and Zuyi Li

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3273*




$C_8H_{10}N_2O_2$

(*R*)-2-Hydroxy-2-(2-(*N*-methoxymethyl)pyrrolyl)acetonitrile

E.e. = 81%

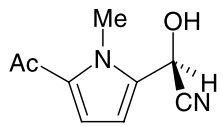
$[\alpha]_D^{21} = +104.9$ ($c = 0.7$, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: asymmetric synthesis catalyzed by (*R*)-HNL

Absolute configuration: (*R*)

Peiran Chen, Shiqing Han, Guoqiang Lin,* Hao Huang and Zuyi Li

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3273*




$C_9H_{10}N_2O_2$

(*R*)-2-Hydroxy-2-(2-(5-acetyl-*N*-methyl)pyrrolyl)acetonitrile

E.e. = 34.1%

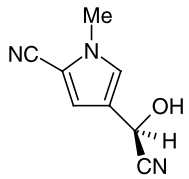
$[\alpha]_D^{21} = +38.8$ ($c = 0.8$, EtOH)

Source of chirality: asymmetric synthesis catalyzed by (*R*)-HNL

Absolute configuration: (*R*)

Peiran Chen, Shiqing Han, Guoqiang Lin,* Hao Huang and Zuyi Li

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3273*




$C_8H_7N_3O$

(*R*)-2-Hydroxy-2-(3-(5-cyano-*N*-methyl)pyrrolyl)acetonitrile

E.e. = 66.4%

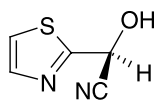
$[\alpha]_D^{21} = +24.7$ ($c = 0.8$, EtOH)

Source of chirality: asymmetric synthesis catalyzed by (*R*)-HNL

Absolute configuration: (*R*)

Peiran Chen, Shiqing Han, Guoqiang Lin,* Hao Huang and Zuyi Li

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3273*




$C_5H_4N_2OS$

(*S*)-2-Hydroxy-2-(2-thiazolyl)acetonitrile

E.e. = 67%

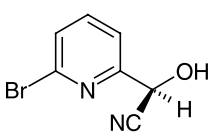
$[\alpha]_D^{21} = +13$ ($c = 0.4$, EtOH)

Source of chirality: asymmetric synthesis catalyzed by (*R*)-HNL

Absolute configuration: (*S*)

Peiran Chen, Shiqing Han, Guoqiang Lin,* Hao Huang and Zuyi Li

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3273*




$C_7H_5BrN_2O$

(*R*)-2-Hydroxy-2-(6-bromo-2-pyridinyl)acetonitrile

E.e. = 65%

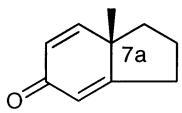
$[\alpha]_D^{21} = +22.4$ ($c = 1.6$, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: asymmetric synthesis catalyzed by (*R*)-HNL

Absolute configuration: (*R*)

José I. Candela Lena, Maria del R. Rico Ferreira, José I. Martín Hernando and Siméon Arseniyadis*

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3281*




E.e. = 70%

$[\alpha]_D$ −54 (*c* 1.42, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: (*R*)-(+)-1-phenylethylamine

Absolute configuration: 7a*S*

$C_{10}H_{12}O$

(7a*S*)-Methyl-1,2,3,7a-tetrahydro-inden-5-one

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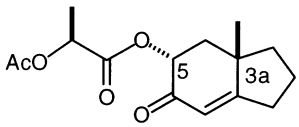
José I. Candela Lena, Maria del R. Rico Ferreira, José I. Martín Hernando and Siméon Arseniyadis*

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3281*




E.e. ≥99%

$[\alpha]_D$ +46 (*c* 4.16, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: resolution with (*S*)-*O*-acetyllactyl chloride

Absolute configuration: 3a*S*,5*R*

$C_{15}H_{20}O_5$

2-Acetoxy-propionic acid (3a*S*)-methyl-6-oxo-2,3,3a,4,5,6-hexahydro-1*H*-inden-(5*R*)-yl ester

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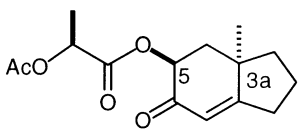
José I. Candela Lena, Maria del R. Rico Ferreira, José I. Martín Hernando and Siméon Arseniyadis*

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3281*




E.e. ≥99%

Mp 68–69°C (heptane–ether)

$[\alpha]_D$ −93 (*c* 1.98, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: resolution with (*S*)-*O*-acetyllactyl chloride

Absolute configuration: 3a*R*,5*S*

$C_{15}H_{20}O_5$

2-Acetoxy-propionic acid (3a*R*)-methyl-6-oxo-2,3,3a,4,5,6-hexahydro-1*H*-inden-(5*S*)-yl ester

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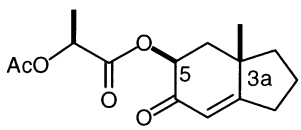
José I. Candela Lena, Maria del R. Rico Ferreira, José I. Martín Hernando and Siméon Arseniyadis*

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3281*




E.e. ≥99%

$[\alpha]_D$ +39 (*c* 4.16, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: resolution with (*S*)-*O*-acetyllactyl chloride

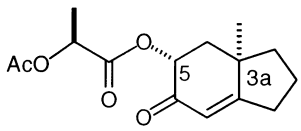
Absolute configuration: 3a*S*,5*S*

$C_{15}H_{20}O_5$

2-Acetoxy-propionic acid (3a*S*)-methyl-6-oxo-2,3,3a,4,5,6-hexahydro-1*H*-inden-(5*S*)-yl ester

José I. Candela Lena, Maria del R. Rico Ferreira, José I. Martín Hernando and Siméon Arseniyadis*

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3281*




E.e. ≥99%

$[\alpha]_D$ −42 (*c* 2.11, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: resolution with (*S*)-*O*-acetyllactyl chloride

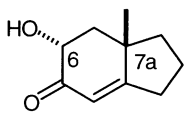
Absolute configuration: 3a*R*,5*R*

$C_{15}H_{20}O_5$

2-Acetoxy-propionic acid (3a*R*)-methyl-6-oxo-2,3,3a,4,5,6-hexahydro-1*H*-inden-(5*R*)-yl ester

José I. Candela Lena, Maria del R. Rico Ferreira, José I. Martín Hernando and Siméon Arseniyadis*

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3281*




E.e. ≥99%

$[\alpha]_D$ +122 (*c* 2.15, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: resolution with (*S*)-*O*-acetyllactyl chloride

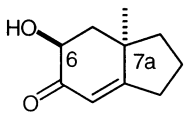
Absolute configuration: 6*R*,7a*S*

$C_{10}H_{14}O_2$

(6*R*)-Hydroxy-(7a*S*)-methyl-1,2,3,6,7,7a-hexahydro-inden-5-one

José I. Candela Lena, Maria del R. Rico Ferreira, José I. Martín Hernando and Siméon Arseniyadis*

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3281*




E.e. ≥99%

$[\alpha]_D$ −121 (*c* 1.98, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: resolution with (*S*)-*O*-acetyllactyl chloride

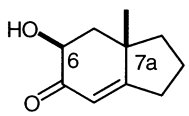
Absolute configuration: 6*S*,7a*R*

$C_{10}H_{14}O_2$

(6*S*)-Hydroxy-(7a*R*)-methyl-1,2,3,6,7,7a-hexahydro-inden-5-one

José I. Candela Lena, Maria del R. Rico Ferreira, José I. Martín Hernando and Siméon Arseniyadis*

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3281*




E.e. ≥99%

Mp 71–73°C (heptane–ether)

$[\alpha]_D$ +25 (*c* 1.35, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: resolution with (*S*)-*O*-acetyllactyl chloride

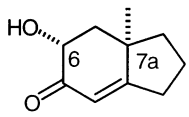
Absolute configuration: 6*S*,7a*S*

$C_{10}H_{14}O_2$

(6*S*)-Hydroxy-(7a*S*)-methyl-1,2,3,6,7,7a-hexahydro-inden-5-one

José I. Candela Lena, Maria del R. Rico Ferreira, José I. Martín Hernando and Siméon Arseniyadis*

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3281*




$C_{10}H_{14}O_2$

(6*R*)-Hydroxy-(7a*R*)-methyl-1,2,3,6,7,7a-hexahydro-inden-5-one

E.e. ≥99%

Mp 71–73°C (heptane–ether)

$[\alpha]_D$ −24 (*c* 1.33, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: resolution with (*S*)-*O*-acetyllactyl chloride

Absolute configuration: 6*R*,7a*R*

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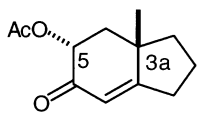


$C_{12}H_{16}O_3$

Acetic acid (3a*S*)-methyl-6-oxo-2,3,3a,4,5,6-hexahydro-1*H*-inden-(5*R*)-yl ester

E.e. ≥99%

Mp 53–55°C (heptane–ether)

$[\alpha]_D$ +114 (*c* 2.28, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: resolution with (*S*)-*O*-acetyllactyl chloride

Absolute configuration: 3a*S*,5*R*

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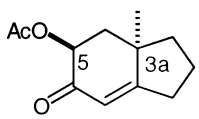
*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3281*




$C_{12}H_{16}O_3$

Acetic acid (3a*R*)-methyl-6-oxo-2,3,3a,4,5,6-hexahydro-1*H*-inden-(5*S*)-yl ester

E.e. ≥99%

$[\alpha]_D$ −112 (*c* 2.24, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: resolution with (*S*)-*O*-acetyllactyl chloride

Absolute configuration: 3a*R*,5*S*

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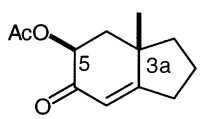


$C_{12}H_{16}O_3$

Acetic acid (3a*S*)-methyl-6-oxo-2,3,3a,4,5,6-hexahydro-1*H*-inden-(5*S*)-yl ester

E.e. ≥99%

$[\alpha]_D$ +32 (*c* 1.55, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: resolution with (*S*)-*O*-acetyllactyl chloride

Absolute configuration: 3a*S*,5*S*

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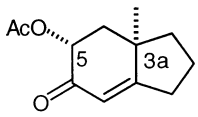
*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3281*




$C_{12}H_{16}O_3$

Acetic acid (3a*R*)-methyl-6-oxo-2,3,3a,4,5,6-hexahydro-1*H*-inden-(5*R*)-yl ester

E.e. ≥99%

$[\alpha]_D$ −31 (*c* 1.18, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: resolution with (*S*)-*O*-acetyllactyl chloride

Absolute configuration: 3a*R*,5*R*

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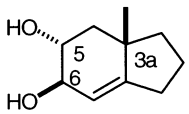
*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3281*




$C_{10}H_{16}O_2$

(3a*S*)-Methyl-2,3,3a,4,5,6-hexahydro-1*H*-indene-(5*R*,6*R*)-diol

E.e. ≥99%

Mp 80–82°C (heptane–ether)

$[\alpha]_D$ +3 (*c* 1.14, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: resolution with (*S*)-*O*-acetyllactyl chloride

Absolute configuration: 3a*S*,5*R*,6*R*

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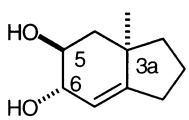
*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3281*




$C_{10}H_{16}O_2$

(3a*R*)-Methyl-2,3,3a,4,5,6-hexahydro-1*H*-indene-(5*S*,6*S*)-diol

E.e. ≥99%

Mp 80–82°C (heptane–ether)

$[\alpha]_D$ −3 (*c* 1.08, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: resolution with (*S*)-*O*-acetyllactyl chloride

Absolute configuration: 3a*R*,5*S*,6*S*

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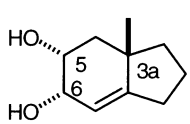
José I. Martín Hernando and Siméon Arseniyadis*

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3281*




$C_{10}H_{16}O_2$

(3a*S*)-Methyl-2,3,3a,4,5,6-hexahydro-1*H*-indene-(5*R*,6*S*)-diol

E.e. ≥99%

$[\alpha]_D$ +159 (*c* 0.60, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: resolution with (*S*)-*O*-acetyllactyl chloride

Absolute configuration: 3a*S*,5*R*,6*S*

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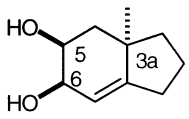
*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3281*




$C_{10}H_{16}O_2$

(3a*R*)-Methyl-2,3,3a,4,5,6-hexahydro-1*H*-indene-(5*S*,6*R*)-diol

E.e. ≥99%

$[\alpha]_D$ −152 (*c* 0.85, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: resolution with (*S*)-*O*-acetyllactyl chloride

Absolute configuration: 3a*R*,5*S*,6*R*

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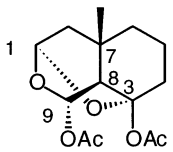
*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3281*




$C_{14}H_{20}O_6$

Acetic acid (9*S*)-acetoxy-(7*S*)-methyl-2,10-dioxa-tricyclo[5.3.1.0]undec-(3*R*)-yl ester

E.e. ≥99%

Mp 77–79°C (heptane–ether)

$[\alpha]_D$ −83 (*c* 1.08, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: resolution with (*S*)-*O*-acetyllactyl chloride

Absolute configuration: 1*R*,3*R*,7*S*,8*S*,9*S*

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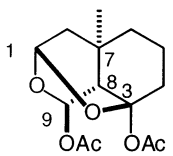
*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3281*




$C_{14}H_{20}O_6$

Acetic acid (9*R*)-acetoxy-(7*R*)-methyl-2,10-dioxa-tricyclo[5.3.1.0]undec-(3*S*)-yl ester

E.e. ≥99%

Mp 77–79°C (heptane–ether)

$[\alpha]_D$ +82 (*c* 1.08, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: resolution with (*S*)-*O*-acetyllactyl chloride

Absolute configuration: 1*S*,3*S*,7*R*,8*R*,9*R*

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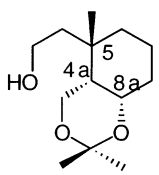
*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3281*




$C_{13}H_{24}O_3$

2-(2,2,5-Trimethyl-hexahydro-benzo[1,3]dioxin-(5*S*)-yl)-ethanol

E.e. ≥99%

$[\alpha]_D$ +21 (*c* 1.74, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: resolution with (*S*)-*O*-acetyllactyl chloride

Absolute configuration: 4a*S*,5*S*,8a*S*

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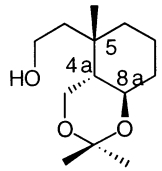
José I. Martín Hernando and Siméon Arseniyadis*

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3281*




$C_{13}H_{24}O_3$

2-(2,2,5-Trimethyl-hexahydro-benzo[1,3]dioxin-(5*S*)-yl)-ethanol

E.e. ≥99%

$[\alpha]_D$ +17 (*c* 1.08, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: resolution with (*S*)-*O*-acetyllactyl chloride

Absolute configuration: 4a*S*,5*S*,8a*R*

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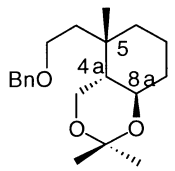
*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3281*




$C_{20}H_{30}O_3$

5-(2-Benzyloxy-ethyl)-2,2,5-trimethyl-hexahydro-benzo[1,3]dioxine

E.e. ≥99%

$[\alpha]_D$ +8 (*c* 2.27, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: resolution with (*S*)-*O*-acetyllactyl chloride

Absolute configuration: 4a*S*,5*S*,8a*R*

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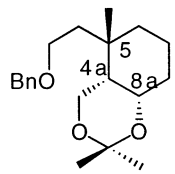
*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3281*




$C_{20}H_{30}O_3$

5-(2-Benzyloxy-ethyl)-2,2,5-trimethyl-hexahydro-benzo[1,3]dioxine

E.e. ≥99%

$[\alpha]_D$ +13 (*c* 2.35, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: resolution with (*S*)-*O*-acetyllactyl chloride

Absolute configuration: 4a*S*,5*S*,8a*S*

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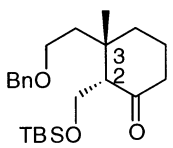
*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3281*




$C_{23}H_{38}O_3Si$

3-(2-Benzyloxy-ethyl)-(2*R*)-(*tert*-butyl-dimethyl-silanyloxymethyl)-(3*S*)-methyl-cyclohexanone

E.e. ≥99%

$[\alpha]_D$ −22 (*c* 2.43, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: resolution with (*S*)-*O*-acetyllactyl chloride

Absolute configuration: 2*R*,3*S*

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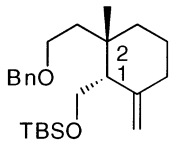
*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3281*




E.e. ≥99%

$[\alpha]_D$ −18 (*c* 2.25, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: resolution with (*S*)-*O*-acetyllactyl chloride

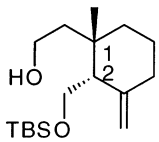
Absolute configuration: 1*S*,2*S*

$C_{24}H_{40}O_2Si$

[2-(2-Benzyloxy-ethyl)-(2*S*)-methyl-6-methylene-(1*S*)-cyclohexilmethoxy]-*tert*-butyl-dimethyl-silane

José I. Candela Lena, Maria del R. Rico Ferreira, José I. Martín Hernando and Siméon Arseniyadis*

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3281*




E.e. ≥99%

$[\alpha]_D$ −36 (*c* 1.36, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: resolution with (*S*)-*O*-acetyllactyl chloride

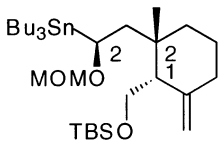
Absolute configuration: 1*S*,2*S*

$C_{17}H_{34}O_2Si$

(2*S*)-[2-(*tert*-Butyl-dimethyl-silanyloxymethyl)-(1*S*)-methyl-3-methylene-cyclohexyl]-ethanol

José I. Candela Lena, Maria del R. Rico Ferreira, José I. Martín Hernando and Siméon Arseniyadis*

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3281*




E.e. ≥99%

$[\alpha]_D$ +19 (*c* 1.82, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: resolution with (*S*)-*O*-acetyllactyl chloride

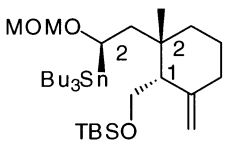
Absolute configuration: 1*S*,2*S*,2*S*

$C_{31}H_{64}O_3SiSn$

*tert*-Butyl-{(2*S*)-[(2*S*)-methoxymethoxy-(2*S*)-(tributyl-stannanyl)-ethyl]-(2*S*)-methyl-6-methylene-(1*S*)-cyclohexylmethoxy}-dimethyl-silane

José I. Candela Lena, Maria del R. Rico Ferreira, José I. Martín Hernando and Siméon Arseniyadis*

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3281*




E.e. ≥99%

$[\alpha]_D$ −64 (*c* 2.30, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: resolution with (*S*)-*O*-acetyllactyl chloride

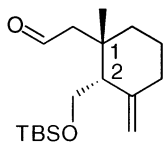
Absolute configuration: 1*S*,2*S*,2*R*

$C_{31}H_{64}O_3SiSn$

*tert*-Butyl-{(2*S*)-[(2*R*)-methoxymethoxy-(2*R*)-(tributyl-stannanyl)-ethyl]-(2*S*)-methyl-6-methylene-(1*S*)-cyclohexylmethoxy}-dimethyl-silane

José I. Candela Lena, Maria del R. Rico Ferreira, José I. Martín Hernando and Siméon Arseniyadis*

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3281*




E.e. ≥99%

$[\alpha]_D$ −16 (*c* 1.36, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: resolution with (*S*)-*O*-acetyllactyl chloride

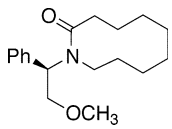
Absolute configuration: 1*S*,2*S*

$C_{17}H_{32}O_2Si$

[(2*S*)-(*tert*-Butyl-dimethyl-silanyloxymethyl)-(1*S*)-methyl-3-methylene-cyclohexyl)]-acetaldehyde

Yoshinosuke Usuki,* Hiroyuki Hirakawa, Kimihiko Goto and Hideo Iio

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3293*




$[\alpha]_D = -55.5$ (*c* = 1.25, MeOH)

Source of chirality: (*R*)-(−)-1-amino-1-phenyl-2-methoxyethane

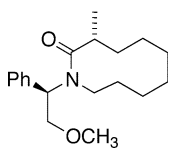
Absolute configuration: 1′*R*

$C_{18}H_{27}NO_2$

(1′*R*)-1-(2′-Methoxy-1′-phenylethyl)azacyclodecan-2-one

Yoshinosuke Usuki,* Hiroyuki Hirakawa, Kimihiko Goto and Hideo Iio

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3293*




$[\alpha]_D = -45.4$ (*c* = 0.625, MeOH)

Source of chirality: (*R*)-(−)-1-amino-1-phenyl-2-methoxyethane

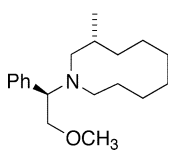
Absolute configuration: 1′*R*,3*R*

$C_{19}H_{29}NO_2$

(1′*R*,3*R*)-1-(2′-Methoxy-1′-phenylethyl)-3-methylaza-cyclodecan-2-one

Yoshinosuke Usuki,* Hiroyuki Hirakawa, Kimihiko Goto and Hideo Iio

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3293*




$[\alpha]_D = +43.8$ (*c* = 0.99, MeOH)

Source of chirality: (*R*)-(−)-1-amino-1-phenyl-2-methoxyethane

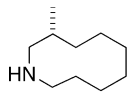
Absolute configuration: 1′*R*,3*R*

$C_{19}H_{31}NO$

(1′*R*,3*R*)-1-(2′-Methoxy-1′-phenylethyl)-3-methylazacyclodecane

Yoshinosuke Usuki,* Hiroyuki Hirakawa, Kimihiko Goto and Hideo Iio

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3293*



$C_{10}H_{21}N$

(3*R*)-3-Methylazacyclodecane

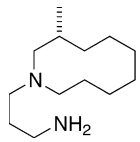
$[\alpha]_D = +17.4$ ($c = 0.205$, MeOH)

Source of chirality: (*R*)-(−)-1-amino-1-phenyl-2-methoxyethane

Absolute configuration: 3*R*

Yoshinosuke Usuki,* Hiroyuki Hirakawa, Kimihiko Goto and Hideo Iio

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3293*



$C_{13}H_{28}N_2$

(3*R*)-1-(3′-Aminopropyl)-3-methylazacyclodecane

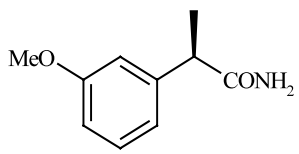
$[\alpha]_D = +74.6$ ($c = 0.925$, MeOH)

Source of chirality: (*R*)-(−)-1-amino-1-phenyl-2-methoxyethane

Absolute configuration: 3*R*

Zhong-Liu Wu and Zu-Yi Li*

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3305*



$C_{10}H_{13}NO_2$

(*R*)-(−)-2-(3′-Methoxyphenyl)propionamide

E.e. >99%

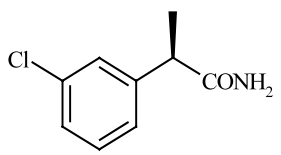
$[\alpha]_D^{18} = -46.4$ ($c$ 1.7, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: *Rhodococcus* sp. CGMCC 0497-catalyzed enantioselective hydrolysis of the corresponding nitrile

Absolute configuration: *R*

Zhong-Liu Wu and Zu-Yi Li*

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3305*



$C_9H_{10}ClNO$

(*R*)-(−)-2-(3′-Chlorophenyl)propionamide

E.e. >99%

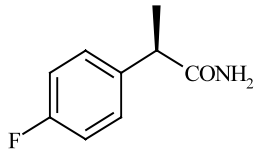
$[\alpha]_D^{18} = -48.3$ ($c$ 1.25, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: *Rhodococcus* sp. CGMCC 0497-catalyzed enantioselective hydrolysis of the corresponding nitrile

Absolute configuration: *R*

Zhong-Liu Wu and Zu-Yi Li*

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3305*




$C_9H_{10}FNO$

(*R*)-(−)-2-(4′-Fluorophenyl)propionamide

E.e. >99%

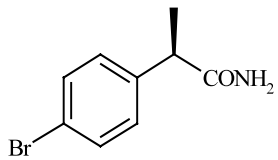
$[\alpha]_D^{18} = -44.5$ (*c* 1.2, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: *Rhodococcus* sp. CGMCC 0497-catalyzed enantioselective hydrolysis of the corresponding nitrile

Absolute configuration: *R*

Zhong-Liu Wu and Zu-Yi Li*

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3305*




$C_9H_{10}BrNO$

(*R*)-(−)-2-(4′-Bromophenyl)propionamide

E.e. >98%

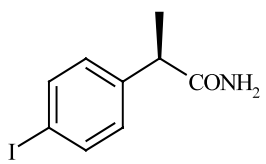
$[\alpha]_D^{18} = -53.6$ (*c* 2.0, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: *Rhodococcus* sp. CGMCC 0497-catalyzed enantioselective hydrolysis of the corresponding nitrile

Absolute configuration: *R*

Zhong-Liu Wu and Zu-Yi Li*

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3305*




$C_9H_{10}INO$

(*R*)-(−)-2-(4′-Iodophenyl)propionamide

E.e. >99%

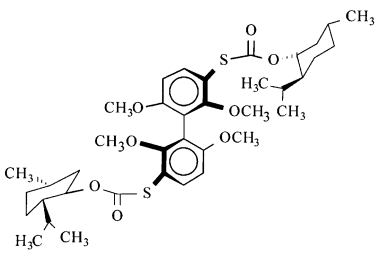
$[\alpha]_D^{18} = -39.8$ (*c* 0.25, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: *Rhodococcus* sp. CGMCC 0497-catalyzed enantioselective hydrolysis of the corresponding nitrile

Absolute configuration: *R*

Giovanna Delogu,* Davide Fabbri, Maria Antonietta Dettori, Giuseppe Capozzi, Stefano Menichetti* and Cristina Nativi

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3313*




E.e. 94% de [by $^1H$ NMR]

$[\alpha]_D^{20} = -79.6$ (*c* 0.3, $CHCl_3$)

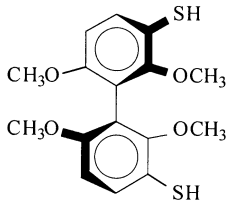
Source of chirality: (−)-(1*R*,2*S*,5*R*)-methyl chloroformate (ee 99%)

Absolute configuration: a*R*

(a*R*,1*R*,1′*R*,2*S*,2′*S*,5*R*,5′*R*)-[2,2′,6,6′-Tetramethoxy-1,1′-biphenyl]-3,3′-diyl-*S*,*S*′-bis[5-methyl-2-(1-methylethyl)-cyclohexyl]-carbonic ester

Giovanna Delogu,* Davide Fabbri, Maria Antonietta Dettori, Giuseppe Capozzi, Stefano Menichetti* and Cristina Nativi

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3313*




(*R*)-(−)-2,2′,6,6′-Tetramethoxy-3,3′-dimercapto-1,1′-biphenyl

E.e. 94% ee [by $^1$H NMR of the corresponding diastereomer]

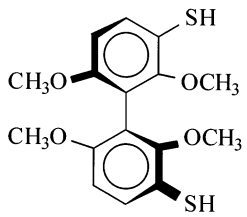
$[\alpha]_D^{20} = -28.9$ (*c* 0.4, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: resolution

Absolute configuration: *R*

Giovanna Delogu,* Davide Fabbri, Maria Antonietta Dettori, Giuseppe Capozzi, Stefano Menichetti* and Cristina Nativi

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3313*




(*S*)-(+)-2,2′,6,6′-Tetramethoxy-3,3′-dimercapto-1,1′-biphenyl

E.e. 76% ee [by $^1$H NMR of the corresponding diastereomer, by chiral HPLC of the corresponding dithiomethyl derivative]

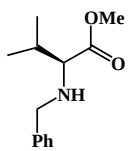
$[\alpha]_D^{20} = +23.6$ (*c* 1, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: resolution

Absolute configuration: *S*

Francesca Paradisi,* Gianni Porzi and Sergio Sandri*

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3319*




$C_{13}H_{19}NO_2$

(*S*)-*N*-Benzylvaline methyl ester

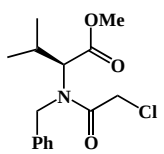
$[\alpha]_D$ −53.9 (*c* 1.03, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: L-valine

Absolute configuration: *S*

Francesca Paradisi,* Gianni Porzi and Sergio Sandri*

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3319*




$C_{15}H_{20}NO_3Cl$

(*S*)-*N*-Benzyl-*N*-chloroacetylvaline methyl ester

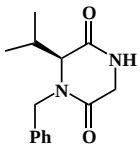
$[\alpha]_D$ −78.8 (*c* 1.06, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: L-valine

Absolute configuration: *S*

Francesca Paradisi,* Gianni Porzi and Sergio Sandri*

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3319*



$C_{14}H_{18}N_2O_2$

(2*S*)-1-*N*-Benzyl-2-isopropylpiperazine-3,6-dione

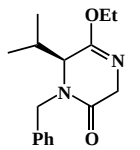
$[\alpha]_D$ +10.8 (*c* 1.012, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: L-valine

Absolute configuration: 2*S*

Francesca Paradisi,* Gianni Porzi and Sergio Sandri*

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3319*



$C_{16}H_{22}N_2O_2$

(6*S*)-1-Benzyl-5-ethoxy-3,6-dihydro-6-isopropylpyrazine-2-one

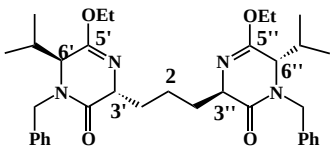
$[\alpha]_D$ +68 (*c* 1.01, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: L-valine

Absolute configuration: 6*S*

Francesca Paradisi,* Gianni Porzi and Sergio Sandri*

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3319*



$C_{35}H_{48}N_4O_4$

1-[(3′*R*,6′*S*)-1′-Benzyl-5′-ethoxy-3′,6′-dihydro-6′-isopropylpyrazin-3′-yl-2′-one]-3-[(3″*R*,6″*S*)-1″-benzyl-5″-ethoxy-3″,6″-dihydro-6″-isopropylpyrazin-3″-yl-2″-one]propane

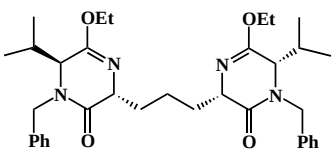
$[\alpha]_D$ +41.6 (*c* 1, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: L-valine

Absolute configuration: 3′*R*,6′*S*,3″*R*,6″*S* assigned by $^1H$ NMR

Francesca Paradisi,* Gianni Porzi and Sergio Sandri*

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3319*



$C_{35}H_{48}N_4O_4$

1-[(3′*R*,6′*S*)-1′-Benzyl-5′-ethoxy-3′,6′-dihydro-6′-isopropylpyrazin-3′-yl-2′-one]-3-[(3″*S*,6″*S*)-1″-benzyl-5″-ethoxy-3″,6″-dihydro-6″-isopropylpyrazin-3″-yl-2″-one]propane

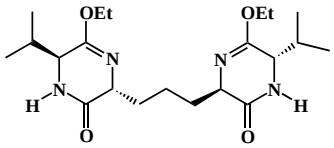
$[\alpha]_D$ −20 (*c* 1.014, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: L-valine

Absolute configuration: 3′*R*,6′*S*,3″*S*,6″*S* assigned by $^1H$ NMR

Francesca Paradisi,* Gianni Porzi and Sergio Sandri*

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3319*




$[\alpha]_D$ +108 (*c* 1, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: L-valine

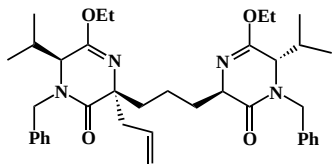
Absolute configuration: 3′*R*,6′*S*,3″*S*,6″*S* assigned by $^1$H NMR

$C_{21}H_{36}N_4O_4$

1-[(3′*R*,6′*S*)-5′-Ethoxy-3′,6′-dihydro-6′-isopropyl-1′*H*-pyrazin-3′-yl-2′-one]-3-[(3″*R*,6″*S*)-5″-ethoxy-3″,6″-dihydro-6″-isopropyl-1″*H*-pyrazin-3″-yl-2″-one]propane

Francesca Paradisi,* Gianni Porzi and Sergio Sandri*

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3319*




$[\alpha]_D$ −10.7 (*c* 1, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: L-valine

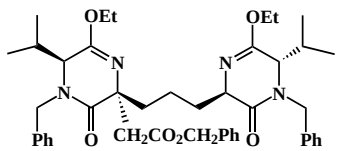
Absolute configuration: 3′*R*,6′*S*,3″*R*,6″*S* assigned by $^1$H NMR

$C_{38}H_{52}N_4O_4$

1-[(3′*R*,6′*S*)-3′-Allyl-1′-benzyl-5′-ethoxy-6′-hydro-6′-isopropylpyrazin-3′-yl-2′-one]-3-[(3″*R*,6″*S*)-1″-benzyl-5″-ethoxy-3″,6″-dihydro-6″-isopropylpyrazin-3″-yl-2″-one]propane

Francesca Paradisi,* Gianni Porzi and Sergio Sandri*

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3319*




$[\alpha]_D$ −3.1 (*c* 1.014, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: L-valine

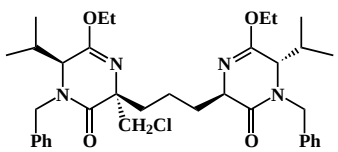
Absolute configuration: 3′*R*,6′*S*,3″*R*,6″*S* assigned by $^1$H NMR

$C_{44}H_{56}N_4O_4$

1-[(3′*R*,6′*S*)-1′-Benzyl-3′-benzyloxyacetyl-5′-ethoxy-6′-hydro-6′-isopropylpyrazin-3′-yl-2′-one]-3-[(3″*R*,6″*S*)-1″-benzyl-5″-ethoxy-3″,6″-dihydro-6″-isopropylpyrazin-3″-yl-2″-one]propane

Francesca Paradisi,* Gianni Porzi and Sergio Sandri*

*Tetrahedron:* Asymmetry *12 (2001) 3319*




$[\alpha]_D$ −5.3 (*c* 1, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: L-valine

Absolute configuration: 3′*R*,6′*S*,3″*R*,6″*S* assigned by $^1$H NMR

$C_{36}H_{49}ClN_4O_4$

1-[(3′*R*,6′*S*)-1′-Benzyl-3′-chloromethyl-5′-ethoxy-6′-isopropylpyrazin-3′-yl-2′-one]-3-[(3″*R*,6″*S*)-1″-benzyl-5″-ethoxy-3″,6″-dihydro-6″-isopropylpyrazin-3″-yl-2′-one]propane

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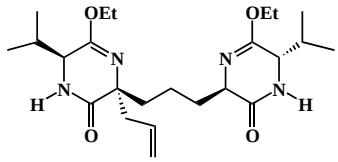

$[\alpha]_D$ +94.3 (*c* 1, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: L-valine

Absolute configuration: 3′*R*,6′*S*,3″*R*,6″*S* assigned by $^1H$ NMR

$C_{24}H_{40}N_4O_4$

1-[(3′*R*,6′*S*)-3′-Allyl-5′-ethoxy-6′-hydro-6′-isopropyl-1′*H*-pyrazin-3′-yl-2′-one]-3-[(3″*R*,6″*S*)-5″-ethoxy-3″,6″-dihydro-6″-isopropyl-1″*H*-pyrazin-3″-yl-2″-one]propane

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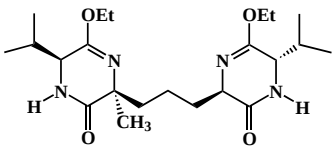

$[\alpha]_D$ +58.3 (*c* 1.01, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: L-valine

Absolute configuration: 3′*S*,6′*S*,3″*R*,6″*S* assigned by $^1H$ NMR

$C_{22}H_{38}N_4O_4$

1-[(3′*S*,6′*S*)-5′-Ethoxy-6′-hydro-6′-isopropyl-3′-methyl-1′*H*-pyrazin-3′-yl-2′-one]-3-[(3″*R*,6″*S*)-5″-ethoxy-3″,6″-dihydro-6″-isopropyl-1″*H*-pyrazin-3″-yl-2″-one]propane

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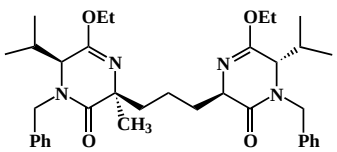

$[\alpha]_D$ +9.1 (*c* 0.316, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: L-valine

Absolute configuration: 3′*R*,6′*S*,3″*R*,6″*S* assigned by $^1H$ NMR

$C_{36}H_{50}N_4O_4$

1-[(3′*S*,6′*S*,3″*R*,6″*S*)-1′-Benzyl-5′-ethoxy-6′-hydro-6′-isopropyl-3′-methylpyrazin-3′-yl-2′-one]-3-[1″-benzyl-5″-ethoxy-3″,6″-dihydro-6″-isopropylpyrazin-3″-yl-2″-one]propane

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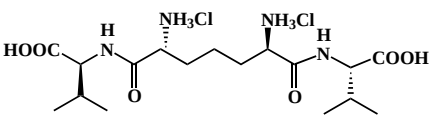

$[\alpha]_D$ −56.7 (*c* 1.014, $H_2O$)

Source of chirality: L-valine

Absolute configuration: 2*R*,6*R* assigned by $^1H$ NMR

$C_{17}H_{34}Cl_2N_4O_6$

Tripeptide [(HO)Val-(2*R*,6*R*)-DAP-Val(OH)]·2HCl

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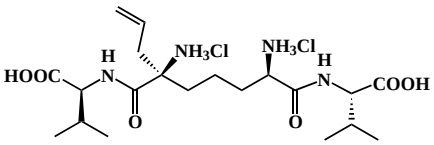

$[\alpha]_D$ −26.1 (*c* 0.6, 1N HCl)
Source of chirality: L-valine
Absolute configuration: 2*R*,6*R* assigned by $^1$H NMR

$C_{20}H_{38}Cl_2N_4O_6$
Tripeptide [(HO)Val-(2*R*,6*R*)-2-allyl-2,6-DAP-Val(OH)]·2HCl

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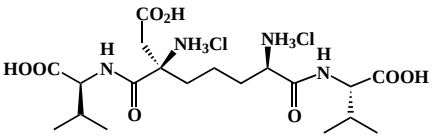

$[\alpha]_D$ −41 (*c* 1.16, 1N HCl)
Source of chirality: L-valine
Absolute configuration: 2*R*,6*R* assigned by $^1$H NMR

$C_{19}H_{36}Cl_2N_4O_8$
Tripeptide [(HO)Val-(2*R*,6*R*)-2-carboxymethylen-2,6-DAP-Val(OH)]·2HCl

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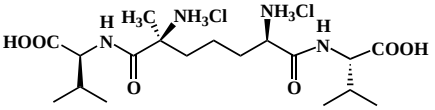

$[\alpha]_D$ −29.5 (*c* 0.51, 1N HCl)
Source of chirality: L-valine
Absolute configuration: 2*R*,6*R* assigned by $^1$H NMR

$C_{18}H_{36}Cl_2N_4O_6$
Tripeptide [(HO)Val-(2*R*,6*R*)-2-methyl-2,6-DAP-Val(OH)]·2HCl